

7H Atoms, Elements & Compounds	Knowledge, Skills and Understanding
Higher	<p>Recall that atoms can be joined together by bonds and that bonds affect the shape of a molecule</p> <p>Explain how new evidence has changed ideas about elements</p> <p>Interpret experimental evidence to identify elements</p> <p>Write simple chemical formulae from molecular structures</p> <p>Apply knowledge of thermal decomposition in carbonates to other compounds</p>
Intermediate	<p>Explain, in terms of atoms and particles, how air is a mixture of elements, compounds, atoms and molecules</p> <p>Represent atoms, molecules of elements and simple compounds using a model</p> <p>Explain the advantages of recycling metals</p> <p>Describe how some elements are found in their native states</p> <p>Explain why some elements have been known for much longer than others</p> <p>Use ideas about the periodic table to identify the positions of metal and non-metal elements</p> <p>Use evidence to classify unfamiliar materials as being metal elements, metallic, non-metal elements, non-metallic</p> <p>Name simple compounds formed from two elements</p> <p>Recall that temperature changes occur during many chemical reactions</p> <p>Represent atoms, molecules of elements and simple compounds using a model</p> <p>Model simple reactions using word equations</p> <p>Model simple reactions using word equations</p> <p>Describe what happens during thermal decomposition of a metal carbonate</p> <p>Name compounds that contain two elements plus oxygen</p>
Foundation	<p>Describe the difference between a mixture and pure substance</p> <p>Recall the names of the most important gases that are mixed together in air</p> <p>State that all matter is made up of tiny particles called atoms</p> <p>Explain the differences between elements, compounds and mixtures (with reference to elements being substances that cannot be broken down into anything simpler by chemical means)</p> <p>Explain the difference between an atom and a molecule</p> <p>Interpret particle models of mixtures, atoms, molecules, elements and compounds</p> <p>State that all matter is made up of tiny particles called atoms</p> <p>Recall that different materials have different properties</p> <p>Recall that elements are often represented by symbols</p> <p>Explain why internationally agreed symbols and conventions are necessary in science communication</p> <p>Recognise some symbols for common elements</p> <p>Use the periodic table to look up symbols for elements</p> <p>Relate the uses of different elements to their properties</p> <p>Identify some common materials as being metals or not</p> <p>Describe some common properties of metallic and non-metallic materials</p> <p>Describe the evidence needed to decide whether an element is a metal or a non-metal</p> <p>Relate the uses of different elements to their properties (includes magnetism)</p> <p>Describe how all other materials are made from the chemical elements</p> <p>Recall some observations that indicate a chemical reaction</p> <p>Describe how elements can combine to form compounds</p> <p>Explain the differences between elements, compounds and mixtures</p> <p>Describe the changes in properties between a compound and its constituent elements</p> <p>Interpret particle models of mixtures, atoms, molecules, elements and compounds</p> <p>Recall examples of chemical reactions in everyday life</p> <p>Recall some observations that indicate a chemical reaction</p> <p>Identify the products and reactants using a word equation</p> <p>Supply missing reactants or products to complete a word equation</p> <p>Identify thermal decomposition reactions</p>